

## **East Ayton Primary School**

French Progression Map

**Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Expectations** 

Pupils should be taught to:

- · listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding;
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words;
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help;
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures;
- develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases;
- · present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences;
- · read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing;
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language;
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary;
- write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly;
- · describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing;
- understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

KS1	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6

Children listen attentively to spoken	Children listen attentively to spoken	Children listen attentively to spoken	Children listen attentively to spoken
language and show understanding by	language and show understanding by	language and show understanding	language and show understanding
joining in and responding.	joining in and responding.	by joining in and responding.	by joining in and responding.
1) Listen and respond to rhymes	1) Listen to and follow a short	1) Understand key information	1) Prepare songs for a
(L2) (L9)	story (L1)	from a short exchange (L3)	performance (L6)
2) Listen to and follow simple	2) Listen for specific words and	2) Understand more complex	2) Listen for clues to meaning –
commands (L3)	phrases (L1)	phrases and sentences from	tone of voice, key words (L6)
3) Perform actions to a French	3) Listen for a key sound as it	a native speaker (L8)	
song (L6)	appears in a rhyme or song		Children engage in conversation; ask
	(L2) (L18)	Children engage in conversation; ask	and answer questions; express
Children engage in conversation; ask	4) Listen for sounds, rhymes and	and answer questions; express	opinions and respond to those of
and answer questions; express	rhythm (L4)	opinions and respond to those of	others; seek clarification and help.
opinions and respond to those of		others; seek clarification and help.	1) Initiate and sustain
others; seek clarification and help.	Children engage in conversation; ask	1) Take part in simple	conversation (L1)
1) Participate in a short	and answer questions; express	conversation (L3)	2) Sustain an unrehearsed
exchange (L2)	opinions and respond to those of	2) Understand and express	conversation of at least four
2) Perform a communicative	others; seek clarification and help.	simple opinions (L5) (L8)	exchanges (L13)
task (L4)	1) Ask how to say something in	3) Express likes and dislikes of	
3) Understand and respond to a	French (L2)	certain foods (L11)	Children speak in sentences, using
question (L5) (L8)	2) Ask and answer questions (L9-		familiar vocabulary, phrases and
	10)	Children speak in sentences, using	basic language structures.
Children speak in sentences, using	3) Conduct a short interview	familiar vocabulary, phrases and	1) Re-use previously learnt
familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic	(L18)	basic language structures.	language in a new context
language structures.		1) Make simple sentences and	(L1) (L8)
1) Recognise a question form	Children speak in sentences, using	manipulate them by	
(L4)	familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic	changing an element (L1)	
	language structures.	2) Use spoken language	Children present ideas and
Children present ideas and	<ol> <li>Recite a short poem from</li> </ol>	spontaneously (L14)	information orally to a range of
information orally to a range of	memory (L8)		audiences.
audiences.	<ol> <li>Memorise and present two</li> </ol>	Children present ideas and	
1) Perform a role in a class	sentences or more (L17)	information orally to a range of	<ol> <li>Speak audibly and clearly</li> </ol>
Nativity play (Christmas)		audiences.	when performing to an
2) Discussion with their partner	Children present ideas and	1) Present two or three	audience (L7)
about things learnt	information orally to a range of	sentences describing a high	2) Perform a presentation to an
	audiences.	street (L2)	audience (L19)
	1) Present a rhyme (L12)	2) Join in performing a short	
	<ol> <li>Present a short role play (L9)</li> </ol>	Christmas story (L7)	
		<ol> <li>Present a short rhyme (L13)</li> </ol>	

	<ul> <li>understanding of words, phrases ar simple writing.</li> <li>1) Read and understand numbers (L1), greetings (L2 Classroom instructions (L3) ask for and give name and age (L4-5), colours (L6-7), fruit (L8), days of the week and months of the year (L1 11)</li> </ul>
)	<ul> <li>Children broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.</li> <li>1) Notice spelling of word (L8)</li> <li>2) Use a dictionary to explore new words around that top</li> </ul>
)	Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so th others understand when they are using familiar words and phrases. 1) Imitate pronunciation (L2)

- Imitate 1) (L11)
- 2) Copy int

1) Make lir and spel some familiar words in written form (L5)

Children read carefully and show	Children read carefully and show	Children read carefully and show	Children read carefully and show
understanding of words, phrases and	understanding of words, phrases and	understanding of words, phrases	understanding of words, phrases
simple writing.	simple writing.	and simple writing.	and simple writing.
<ol> <li>Read and understand numbers (L1), greetings (L2), Classroom instructions (L3) ask for and give name and age (L4-5), colours (L6-7), fruit (L8), days of the week and months of the year (L10-</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Identify adjectives in the text (L1)</li> <li>Identify rhyming words in short texts (L8)</li> <li>3)</li> <li>Children broaden their vocabulary and</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Scan a more detailed text with unknown language for detail (L18)</li> <li>Children broaden their vocabulary and develop their</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Understand key details from an authentic text (L2)</li> <li>Understand the main points and simple opinions expressed in a short, written text (L4)</li> </ol>
11) Children broaden their vocabulary	develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including	ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a	<ol> <li>Identify nouns and adjectives contained in a text (L11)</li> </ol>
and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.	<ul> <li>through using a dictionary.</li> <li>1) Sort words into dictionary order (L15)</li> <li>2) Become familiar with a French dictionary (L15)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>dictionary.</li> <li>Use a dictionary (L2)</li> <li>Find words in a dictionary (L11)</li> </ul>	Children broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into
<ol> <li>Notice spelling of word (L8)</li> <li>Use a dictionary to explore new words around that topic</li> </ol>	Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are	Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are using familiar words and phrases.	familiar written material, including through using a dictionary. 1) Use a dictionary (L2) (L15)
Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are using familiar words and phrases. 1) Imitate pronunciation (L2) (L11) 2) Copy intonation patterns (L3)	<ul> <li>reading aloud familiar words and phrases.</li> <li>1) Pronounce some words accurately (L1)</li> <li>2) Read words aloud with accurate pronunciation (L5)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Recite a short text with accurate pronunciation (L1) (L6)</li> <li>Know how to add expression and authenticity to a short dialogue (L3)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Use a dictionary to find additional nouns to construct short sentences (L5)</li> <li>explore how abbreviations can help</li> </ol>
Children write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly. 1) Make links between sounds and spellings and recognize some familiar words in	<ul> <li>Children write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.</li> <li>1) Write simple words and phrases following a model (L5) (L16)</li> <li>2) Write individual words or</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>3) Develop accuracy in pronunciation and intonation (L14)</li> <li>Children write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.</li> </ul>	in a dictionary (L11) Children develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud familiar words and phrases.

ideas clearly.

1) Make simple sentences and

manipulate them by

short sentences (L7)

3)

Write simple sentences (L13)

Read aloud phrases from 1) a text using a variety of voices and expression (L6)

<ol> <li>2) Experiment with writing (L7), (Christmas and Easter Lessons)</li> <li>Children describe people, places, things and actions in writing.         <ol> <li>Colours (L7)</li> <li>Food items (L8)</li> <li>Letter to Father Christmas (Christmas lesson)</li> <li>Develop understanding of custom and traditions (Easter lessons)</li> <li>Identify social conventions at home and in other cultures (L11)</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	<ul> <li>Children describe people, places, things and actions in writing.</li> <li>1) Parts of the body and adjectives (L1-2)</li> <li>2) Zoo animals (L4)</li> <li>3) Members of the family (L9)</li> <li>4) Pets (L11-12)</li> <li>5) Hobbies (L16)</li> <li>6) Weather (L20)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>changing an element</li> <li>Write short sentences (L5)</li> <li>Express opinions in short- written sentences (L12)</li> <li>Write two or more sentences describing the weather (L17)</li> <li>Children describe people, places, things and actions in writing.</li> <li>Buildings on the high street (L1)</li> <li>Sports/Hobbies (L10)</li> <li>Food (L11-L15)</li> <li>Weather and seasons (L16- 17)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>2) Sing French songs with accurate pronunciation (L7)</li> <li>3) Read phrases with appropriate intonation and expression (L11)</li> <li>Children write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.</li> <li>1) Construct a short paragraph by adapting a model (L3)</li> <li>2) Write short sentences, using a model (L14)</li> <li>3) Write short sentences outlining holiday plans (L16)</li> <li>Children describe people, places, things and actions in writing.</li> </ol>
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	children understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied,	Children understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being		
	ncluding (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the	studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms		
0	onjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the	and the conjugation of high frequency verbs; key features and patterns of		
	anguage; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these	the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how		
C	liffer from or are similar to English.	these differ from or are similar to English.		
C	children can:	Children can:		
	<ol> <li>explore letter strings such as oi, eu and on (Y3 – L1, L6, L9)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>understand and use negatives (Y5 – L1)</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>auditory discrimination between un and une (Y3 – L3) (Y4 – L11, L20)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>identify the position of adjectives in a sentence (Y5 -L2)</li> </ol>		
	a) name the first and second person singular subject pronouns; use the	<ol> <li>quantifiers and adjectives in a sentence (Y5 – L4)</li> </ol>		
	correct form of some regular and high frequency verbs in the present	<ol> <li>explore letter strings such as in, oi (Y5 – L4)</li> </ol>		
	tense – être (Y3 – L7) (Y4 – L5)	<ol> <li>extend basic sentences by using connectives (Y5 – L12)</li> </ol>		
	4) name the gender of nouns; name the indefinite and definite articles for	6) to use negatives (Y5 – L12)		
	both genders and use correctly (Y3 – L8)	7) Pause words (Y5 – L3)		
	5) use a simple negative form (ne pas) (Y3 – L2) (Y4 – L12, L17)	<ol> <li>recognise and use the simple future tense of a high frequency verb;</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>recognise that all nouns have a gender (Y4 – L2)</li> </ol>	compare with English (Y5 – L8)		
	7) recognise and use the first person possessive adjectives (mon, ma, mes)	9) recognise and use the immediate future tense of familiar verbs in the		
	(Y4 – L9)	first, second and third person singular; explain how it's formed (Y5 –		
	8) conjugate a high frequency verb (être – to be) in the present tense; show	L10) (Y6 – L17)		
	awareness of subject-verb agreement (Y4 – L5)	<ol> <li>formation of the basic negative sentence (Y6 – L1)</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>use simple connectives in their sentences (Y3 – L7) (Y4 – L12)</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>use a simple negative form (ne pas) (Y6 – L3)</li> </ol>		
	10) use simple quantifiers (Y4 – L5, L14, L20)	12) demonstrate understanding of gender and number of nouns and use		
	<ol> <li>understand simple rules for converting singular to plural (Y4 – L12)</li> </ol>	appropriate determiners (Y6 – L5)		
		<ol> <li>recognise and use a range of prepositions (Y5 – L2) (Y6 – L11)</li> </ol>		
		14) explain and apply the rules of position and agreement of adjectives		
		with increasing accuracy and confidence (Y6 – L3)		

Grammar