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East Ayton Primary and Nursery school SEN information report				
		Date September	r 2019	
		rth Yorkshire local off thyorks.gov.uk/article/		<u>offer</u>
	1. What are the following contact details for your setting/school/academy/college? (Please provide contact name, telephone number and email address)			
	Special Educational Needs Coordinator Headteacher	Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCo)	Special Educational Needs (SEN) Governor	Who should parents/ carers contact if they have a compliment, concern or complaint about your setting/ school/academy/ college?
Name	Mr Johnson	Mrs Nellist	Eileen Race	Mr Johnson Mrs Nellist
Contact Number	01723 862132	01723 862132	01723 862132	01723 862132
Contact Email	admin@eastayton.n- yorks.sch.uk	admin@eastayton.n- yorks.sch.uk	admin@eastayton.n- yorks.sch.uk	<u>admin@eastayton.n-</u> <u>yorks.sch.uk</u>
Address	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW
This is what we provide in our school		This is North Yorksh expectations of good j		
2 What kinds of SEN are provided for in your school?				
At East Ayton Primary School, we make provision for children with SEN within each of the four categories identified in the 2015 SEN Code of Practice: Communication and Interaction We have a number of pupils who experience speech and language difficulties. Consequently, we have teachers and teaching assistants who support children with Speech and Language Difficulties in 1-1 or small group sessions.		SEN are welcomed int pupil with an Educatio	cople (CYP) with a wide range of o the school. If a parent of a n Health Care Plan (EHCP) school, the child is welcomed o meet their needs.	
This may include pupils who find it difficult to understand what others are saying or have difficulties with fluency or forming sounds, words or sentences. We have a range of resources which are used to support children's Speech and Language development and we work closely with a number of Speech and Language Therapists.				
Enhanced Mainstream School (EMS) – Kirkbymoorside is used to support children with additional speech, language and communication needs.				
Cognition and Learning We are experienced in supporting children with Cognition and Learning Difficulties through high quality teaching and effective differentiation. This includes children with Specific Learning Difficulties such as dyslexia (specific difficulties with reading or spelling), dyscalculia (specific difficulties with maths) or dyspraxia (specific difficulties with coordination). We also support children with moderate learning difficulties. For example, we support children by breaking down				

activities into smaller, achievable steps; providing appropriate resources including the use of technology or multisensory activities and through providing effective adult support.	
We also run a number of interventions including reading, writing and maths to support children with additional needs.	
 SEN/Reading: Reading Intervention SEN/Moderate Learning Difficulties: 1st Class at Writing 	
(i) + (ii) and 1 st Class at Number $(i) + (ii)$	
Making Maths Magic	
Sensory and or physical We work closely with outside agencies to provide support for children in our school who have sensory or physical difficulties. Where necessary, we make adaptations to the curriculum or environment in order to make lessons and learning opportunities accessible to them. We hold regular meetings with outside agencies and parents to review the approaches that are in place.	
Social, mental and Emotional Health For some children, difficulties in their social and emotional development can mean that they require additional or different provision. We support these children through pupil mentoring and social skills groups. We	
involve outside agencies such as CAMHS (Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service) if necessary.	
School works closely with the Enhanced Mainstream School at	
Barrowcliff – to support individuals with Social, emotional and behavioural additional needs.	

3 What policies do you have for identifying children and young people with SEN? How do you assess their needs?

What is the SENCo's name and how can I contact them? (See point 1)

The attainment and progress of all children is carefully tracked and monitored throughout the school year by the class teachers and pupil progress meetings are held half termly to review the provision that is in place. On a daily basis, teachers evaluate their lessons and consider whether individual children are making the expected progress and reflect on each child's next steps.

If teachers have any concerns regarding a child in their class, they will discuss these concerns with parents, SENCo and Headteacher. The targets of children who have Individual Provision Maps are reviewed termly and teachers are formally asked at these key points of the year to reflect upon the progress of children on the SEN Register and to identify any other children of concern. Early intervention is key and the SENCo works closely with the early years teachers.

Weekly dialogue between teachers, teaching assistants and SENCo take place. During these dialogues, pupils of concern are discussed and progress/provision of all children on the SEND Register is discussed in detail in order to inform future provision and priorities. Where concerns have been raised, the child may be added to the SEN Register at the 'SEND support' level so that their progress can be closely monitored and additional support can be put in place as necessary. Parents are always informed at this stage. The SENCo would liaise with the relevant outside agencies. This would determine whether any further formal assessments need to be carried out in order to identify key areas to target and to evaluate the effectiveness of any interventions that are put into place. These The name and contact number of the SENCo should be readily available for parents. Where the school feels that something additional or different is needed to support your child because they have SEND they will discuss this carefully with you. This information may well be recorded in a document for you and your child, known as an individual provision map or an individual education plan. This should include:-

- details of any strategies being used to support your child in class;
- details of any extra support or interventions for your child
- your child's learning targets and their long term desired outcomes
- the next date when your child's progress will be reviewed.

Most pupils will benefit from SEN support, but some pupils who need high levels of support, or who have complex needs will need to be referred for an education, health and care plan.

assessments could be repeated following an intervention	
programme to evaluate whether progress has been made.	

3 What arrangements do you have for consulting with parents of children with SEN and involving them in their child's education?

We recognise the value of working in collaboration with parents and carers of children with SEND in order to achieve the best outcomes for them in school and at home.	Schools communicate regularly with parents, usually once a term, to discuss how well their child is doing. They listen to what parents have to say and respond to it. For pupils with SEND it is often desirable that there
As a school, we strive to ensure a high level of communication with parents so that they feel well informed about what is happening in school and how well their child is progressing. This includes parent consultation evenings, open evenings and annual reports. We have an 'open door policy' and teachers are always happy to meet with parents at a mutually convenient time. School have a text messaging service which informs parents of events. The school	is more frequent communication as it is vital that parents and school work together closely. Your knowledge and understanding of your child's needs is essential to support the school in making the best provision for them. This should also take account of your and your child's hopes, personal goals and interests.
publish regular newsletters for parents detailing forthcoming news and celebrating the successes of children that week.	This will allow the school to regularly explain to you where your child is in their learning, and to work with
We aim to meet with parents of children with SEND as they join our school, either in Nursery or in later years. The SENCo then regularly meets with many parents of children with SEN to review	you to ensure the most appropriate targets are set to ensure progress.
their progress and to make collaborative decisions about how to meet their needs. For children with Educational Health Care Plans,	On-going communication with school may include:
parents will be invited to attend their Annual Review meeting in which children's progress against their individual targets is looked at in detail and decisions about future provision is jointly agreed	• regular contact through a home-school book or by e- mail to keep you informed of things that are going well or particular successes
	 more regular meetings to update you on your child's progress and whether the support is working clear information about the impact of any
	 interventions guidance for you to support your child's learning at home.
	nome.

4. What arrangements do you have in place in your school to consult with young people with SEN and how do you involve them in their education?

When supporting children with SEND, we aim to talk to our children and fully involve them in the process. We discuss their individual targets and progress with them and make sure we celebrate their achievements with them, however big or small. For children with an Educational Health Care Plan those views may be discussed with them before the meeting or if appropriate, children can come into the meetings to share their views. We use a range of practical and visual strategies to support children who find it difficult to express their views with words. Wherever possible, we	School will obtain the views of all children (pupil voice) to shape provision in school. Your child's school may have a school council. In addition, it is vital that the views and aspirations of children and young people with SEN are listened to and they are supported to achieve their aspirations as far as possible. Your school will be able to describe how this is undertaken and the frequency with which the child is consulted.
can come into the meetings to share their views. We use a range of	Your school will be able to describe how this is
try to take into account the views, wishes and aspirations of our	consulted.
pupils when discussing outcomes for the child and approaches to achieve them.	

5. What arrangements are in place for assessing and reviewing children and young people's progress towards outcomes? Please can you explain what opportunities are available to enable you to work with parents and young people as part of this assessment and review

We are frequently assessing pupils' progress through Teacher	All pupils with SEND should make at least expected
Assessment. The children are then more formally assessed termly	progress, in line with their peers. Your school will be
and their progress is recorded using school assessment systems,	able to explain how it will be monitoring your child's
which allows us to analyse the data in greater detail. Progress of all	progress to ensure that it is at least in line with

children is reviewed regularly to make sure that they are making at least expected progress. Parents/carers have the opportunity to discuss their child's progress at parents evening and at review meetings. We expect Pupils on the SEND register to make the same progress in line with their peers. Each term children's targets and progress is shared and reviewed on the provision maps.	expectations. This will usually include progress made with personal targets, and overall progress on the National Curriculum. Many schools use inclusion passports. This is a document that summarises the support that has been given to a pupil over a period of time, and the difference that this support has made. You may like to ask your child's school whether an inclusion passport would be useful for you and your child. Your child may well have their own version which they can share with staff and which can help to explain their interests and things that help them learn and to enjoy school.
6. What are the arrangements for supporting children and young preparing for adulthood? How do you ensure that as young peopl reflect their ambitions, which could include higher education, em society?	e prepare for adulthood the desirable outcomes
We have our own Nursery on site and take children from the term after their 3 rd birthday. We offer home visits for parents who request them. We hold termly stay and play sessions for children who are entering the nursery in the future. In order to support children and families of children with SEND, we also offer meetings in the term before the children start school with the SENCo, KS1 leader, parents, and representatives from the preschool setting in addition to any other professionals that are supporting the child's additional needs and can plan appropriate provision for when the child starts at school. At this meeting, we can also agree any other strategies that could support a successful transition including photo books, extra visits to the school and home visits. Children with SEND may initially come to school on a part-time basis but this is individual to each child. We liaise closely with parents of children with SEND to help them to decide when their child is ready to come to school on a full-time basis. If a child with SEND is joining our school part-way through their school career, we will arrange for parents to meet with the SENCo and Headteacher to discuss the child's needs. We will also liaise with the child's previous school to discuss strategies and support that have been effective in the past. If necessary, we can arrange extra visits to support a child's transition to us. Moving classes: We have structured transition programme to support children as they move between classes or key stages within the school. Teachers are given allocated times to meet and share information about each child, including effective approaches and strategies for meeting the needs of children with SEND make extra visits to their new classroom, are supported by social stories to prepare them for the changes ahead and are given photo-books of their new classroom, teacher and any other adults that will be supporting them.	Your SENCo should arrange an appropriate transition review in plenty of time before any move. Staff from the receiving school should be invited to attend. Transition meetings and visits should be arranged for the pupil or student, often accompanied by a well- known member of staff. The pupil should receive as much transition work as they feel necessary.

Primary School we ensure that the children are well prepared for	
the transition. We have good links with the local Secondary	
Schools including special schools within the area. For children with	
Educational Health Care Plans, the SENCo from the secondary	
school will be invited to either the Year 5 transition Annual Review	
or the Year 6 Annual Review or both.	
This gives parents the opportunity to find out how the school will	
be able to support a child through the transition and beyond. If a	
child is on 'SEN Support' but does not have a EHCP, parents will	
be invited to attend a 'Transition meeting' with the SENCo from	
the secondary school during Term 6 of their final year to find out	
more about the support available. Where necessary, additional	
support arrangements such as extra visits and transition projects can	
be put in place to support a successful transition to secondary	
education. For children with Special Educational Needs and for	
children who are likely to find the transition more challenging the	
SENCo will arrange an extra visit to the secondary school. If a	
child with SEN is moving to a new school before the end of Year 6,	
we ensure that all relevant paperwork is forwarded to the receiving	
school. Our Headteacher will liaise with the new Headteacher,	
SENCo to ensure that they are well informed of the child's	
individual needs.	

7. What is your School's approach to teaching children and young people with SEN?

We provide an inclusive learning environment where all children,	High quality support for learning within mainstream
including children with SEN are treated equally and have access to	lessons is the most important factor in helping pupils
the full range of opportunities that we provide. For some activities,	with SEND to make good progress alongside their
children are grouped according to ability but we also ensure that	peers. There may be occasions when the school feels
pupils are provided with the opportunity to work with children of	that some additional support within lessons may help
all abilities within their class throughout the year. Teachers	your child to make better progress. This is by no means
differentiate learning to meet a variety of different needs and	always the case. However, if some additional small
children are encouraged to reflect upon their own progress and are	group or one to one support within lessons is planned,
fully involved in the process of selecting learning that matches their	the school will explain how this will work, what the
own learning needs. Our approach is to tailor learning opportunities	aims of this support will be and how and when the
so that they are accessible to all the children through effective	impact of this support will be reviewed. Most
planning and differentiation of lessons. We aim to provide	importantly, this support should be aiming to make
stimulating and exciting learning experiences that all children can	your child more independent in lessons
access at their individual levels. The high expectations and	your entre macpendent in ressons
aspirations that we have for all children in the school are extended	Schools use a range of evidence based interventions to
to children with SEND. Children with SEND and disabilities are	support pupils with SEND to make better progress.
fully included in activities throughout the school day. If necessary,	Interventions are structured learning programmes. Your
we provide additional support to enable this to happen, for example	school will be able to explain to you:
'meet and greets' in the morning, additional support at playtimes or	
lunchtimes or for extra-curricular activities, including school trips.	• what interventions your child is receiving and what
	are the intended learning outcomes
	• when during the week any interventions will be
	delivered and for how many weeks
	• who will be delivering the interventions (usually a
	well-trained teaching assistant) and where (e.g. in class
	or outside the classroom)
	• how the interventions will relate to and support
	learning in the classroom
	• how they will be monitored closely to make sure they
	are helping your child to make accelerated progress

8. What sort of adaptations are made to the curriculum and the learning environment of children and young people with SEN?

The SEN Code of Practice (2015) recognises that 'Special educational provision is underpinned by high quality teaching and is compromised by anything less'. Our priority is to ensure that all children, including children with SEND have access to good or outstanding lessons which are appropriately differentiated and personalised to meet the needs of individual children. We also recognise that some children will require educational provision that is 'additional to' or 'different from' this. To achieve this, we engage in a cyclical four-stage process: 'Assess, Plan, Do and Review': Assess: The class teachers and if necessary the SENCo or professionals from external agencies, assess the needs of the individuals.	Your school will be able to describe some of the approaches that classroom teachers and other staff will be using throughout the day to help address your child's needs within lessons. They may also be able to share with you the school's overall plan of support (provision map), which outlines many of these strategies. Some children with a high level of need will also need a care plan or a health care plan which may include a risk assessment.
Plan: We identify the barriers to learning, intended outcomes and plan appropriate support and intervention to meet those outcomes.	
Do: We provide appropriate support either within the classroom or as part of a targeted intervention programme. This could involve the provision of a resource, a change in an approach to learning, access to technology or working with an adult.	
Review: We evaluate the impact of the support provided and consider whether changes to the support need to be made.	
A small number of children may require specific adaptations to the learning environment. Examples include the provision of modified equipment, individual workstations, picture cards, sensory equipment (e.g. sensory stories) etc. Through consultations with teachers, TAs, parents, children and Headteacher, the SENCO makes decisions regarding the most effective allocation of resources in order to most effectively meet the needs of the children with SEN within the school.	
This includes physical and human resources. Teaching Assistants are allocated carefully according to their skills and experience, with many Teaching Assistants becoming specialised in certain areas such as Speech and Language or with certain interventions, such as the Reading Intervention, 1 st Class at writing/Number.	

9. What sort of expertise for supporting children and young people with SEN do you currently have in school? How do you ensure that the expertise and training of staff to support children and young people with SEN is current? How do you access and secure further specialist expertise?

The SENCo regularly attends North Yorkshire SENCo meetings to update on new policies and procedures. All staff are given the opportunity and encouraged to continue their professional development in SEND areas. Where necessary, staff will undertake specific training in an area of immediate need or seek advice from outside agencies and professionals.	All staff should receive regular training to enable them to meet a range of SEN. Teachers and teaching assistants should have regular generic training and specific training to meet individual needs as necessary. Schools must make good use of their SEN funding to meet a range of need. However, if a pupil has particular needs and the school has exhausted its repertoire, specialist support should be sought promptly.

10. How do you evaluate the effectiveness of the provision made for children and young people with SEN?

We have a robust system of self-evaluation in which we evaluate: -	The progress and attainment of all children is carefully
Outcomes for learners, Behaviour. Safety and Welfare,	monitored and reported to parents. Your school will be
Effectiveness of Leadership and Management and the Quality of	able to explain how they track pupil progress in their
Teaching, learning and assessment. As part of this process, we	school. If a child is provided with additional and
evaluate the effectiveness of the provision for pupils with Special	different provision/interventions, the school will
Educational Needs. The SENCo, Headteacher and SEN governor	carefully monitor the impact by a variety of methods;

meet to discuss the provision for children with SEND. The Governors also receive regular reports. Each term, the performance data of children with SEND is analysed by the SENCo/ Headteacher and areas of need are identified. In addition, interventions are regularly review and monitored to ensure that the impact is effective.	 such as: measuring how the intervention accelerated progress over a given time – known as a ratio gain or the before and after impact on self-confidence, behaviour etc. During the planning meeting with parents and where possible the child or young person, the teacher will explain what the expected impact will be by the time the intervention is reviewed and how this will be measured. Many schools use Individual Provision Maps (IPMs) to capture this information, which is written during your meeting. This meeting with you and your child is often described as a 'learning conversation'. The school will evaluate the impact of all interventions and whether they have a strong evidence base of effectiveness. Other provision, for example provision regularly used in-class (known as Quality First Teaching), will be evaluated regularly by the Senior Leadership Team. Your school will be able to describe how this is undertaken.
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11. How are children and young people with SEN enabled to engage in activities available with children and young people in the school who do not have SEN?

We provide, for all children, a broad, balanced and relevant curriculum and we work to overcome the barriers to learning, so that all children are able to make good progress. Children with SEN are fully involved in the life of the classroom and work with their peers. For some children we have 1-1 TAs supporting their needs, but we ensure that this does not cause segregation and the child has a fully inclusive education in school.	The school's policies should all state how all pupils are actively included in a wide range of curriculum and extra-curricular activities, including school trips. Pupils with SEN should be equally represented in positions of responsibility e.g. the school council, house captains, etc.	
We recognise that progress encompasses aspects of academic attainment, personal and social development and independence and that all progress should be celebrated. All children are given the same opportunities to participate in school activities and are supported throughout their time at school to achieve the best that they can whatever level they are working at.		

12. How do you support children and young people with SEN to improve their emotional and social development? Please explain the extra pastoral support arrangements for listening to the views of children and young people with SEN and measures to prevent bullying.

Training on medical needs is provided through first aid training. Any extra requirements for specific medical needs would also receive training. Many healthcare professionals provide support to the school as and when required and the School Nurse attends school regularly and offers excellent support for our older children.	Some of the interventions implemented should be for emotional support e.g. SEAL nurture groups, the provision of a key worker.
Our SEND Teaching Assistants runs social skills groups when necessary for those pupils who require support. In addition to this our school staff are skilled in dealing with pupils who require emotional support. We have a whole school behaviour management system which promotes social and emotional development. The school provides opportunities in the curriculum through PSHCE.	

13. How does the School involve other bodies, including health and social care bodies, local authority support services and voluntary sector organisations, in meeting children and young people's SEN and supporting their families?

We have strong links with a range of education, health and social care professionals who can support the process of assessment, target-setting and ensuring that the needs of children with SEND are appropriately met. The school uses the single point of contact and staff understand how to make referrals using this if they have any concerns. The school work alongside: - Local Enhanced Mainstream Schools for Moderate Learning Difficulties and Communication & interaction and the Speach and Language	The Local Authority offers a range of specialist support and outreach services, including educational psychologists and local enhanced mainstream schools, to help schools to deliver appropriate support and interventions, Other specialists such as speech and language therapists can also support schools in this. If the school feels that the involvement of another agency will help them to meet your schild's needs you will be
Communication & interaction and the Speech and Language	will help them to meet your child's needs you will be
service. All services come into school to help and advise on a regular basis.	informed and asked to give your consent.

14. What are the arrangements for handling complaints from parents of children with SEN about the provision made at the school?

Our complaints procedure relating to SEND is the same procedure	There must be a designated governor for SEN in the
for the whole school. The full policy can be read on the school	school and complaints about SEN should follow the
website. In the first instant the complaint must be brought to the	general complaints procedure. It is always best to
attention of the class teacher or Headteacher (Mr. Johnson) who	approach the teacher or the Headteacher first, to see if
may be able to resolve it. If the complaint cannot be resolved a	your concerns can be immediately addressed. If you
complaints form must be completed and sent to the chair of	still feel that your view has not been listened to or
governors, Mrs Samantha Hay.	answered to your satisfaction you can make a formal
Our SEN linked governor is Eileen Race.	complaint by writing to the chair of governors at the
There is a template complaints form on our school website.	school.

Code of Practice 6.79

'The governing bodies of maintained schools and maintained nursery schools and the proprietors of academy schools have a legal duty to publish information on their websites about the implementation of the governing body's or the proprietor's policy for pupils with SEN. The information published **must** be updated annually and any changes to the information occurring during the year must be updated as soon as possible. The information required is set out in the draft Special Educational Needs (Information) Regulations and reflects the information required for the local offer'.