

East Ayton Primary and Nursery school SEN information report

Date: 4th January 2021

The North Yorkshire local offer can be found at: http://www.northyorks.gov.uk/article/23542/SEND---local-offer

	What are the following contact details for your setting/school/academy/college? (Please provide contact name, telephone number and email address)			
	Special Educational Needs Coordinator Headteacher	Special Educational Needs Coordinator (SENCO – NASENCO)	Special Educational Needs (SEN) Governor	Who should parents/ carers contact if they have a compliment, concern or complaint about your setting/ school/academy/ college?
Name	Mr Johnson	Mrs Nellist	Eileen Race	Mr Johnson Mrs Nellist
Contact Number	01723 862132	01723 862132	01723 862132	01723 862132
Contact Email	admin@eastayto n.n-yorks.sch.uk	admin@eastayt on.nyorks.sch.uk	admin@eastayt on.nyorks.sch.uk	admin@eastayton.nyorks.sch.uk
Address	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW	3 Moor Ln, East Ayton, Scarborough YO13 9EW

What kinds of SEND are provided for in your school?

At some time in their school careers any child may have a special educational need, whether temporary or more permanent. This may be as a result of circumstances in their home life, learning difficulties, medical problems or social, emotional and mental health difficulties. According to the SEND Code of Practice 2014, a child of compulsory school age or a young person has a learning difficulty or disability if he or she:

- Has a significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of others of the same age, or
- Has a disability which prevents or hinders him or her from making use of facilities of a kind generally provided for others of the same age in mainstream schools

East Ayton Primary School provides for the full range of SEND needs covering:

<u>Communication and Interaction</u> which includes pupils with Speech, Language and Communication Needs (SLCN) and Autistic Spectrum Disorder (ASD)

<u>Cognition and Learning</u> which includes pupils with Moderate Learning Difficulties (MLD) and

Specific Learning Difficulties (SpLD) such as Dyslexia

<u>Social Emotional and Mental Health needs</u> (SEMH) which includes pupils with Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) and mental health needs such as Anxiety and Attachment Disorder.

<u>Sensory and/or Physical needs</u> which includes pupils with Visual Impairment (VI), Hearing Impairment (HI) and Physical Disability (PD)

Pupils do not need to be diagnosed with a type of Special Education Need, instead we consider that all children have needs and these differ from child to child and are greater for some. In the same way that every child looks different on the outside, the way in which they learn and develop is equally individual. By focussing on the four areas of learning (mentioned above) this can often provide a more useful understanding of a child's strengths and difficulties, therefore making their needs clearer.

If a pupil with an Education Health Care Plan (EHCP) requests a place at the school, this will be discussed to establish whether our school is the right setting. We will adjust our provision if this is needed to make it more accessible to pupils but also understand that some things are out of our control, including the size of our cohort, the constraints of our building and our limited indoor space. Once a place is offered, pupils will be welcomed and a transitional plan will be put in place to support the individual needs and well-being of the pupil whilst also supporting the family.

What policies do you have for identifying children and young people with SEND? How do you assess their needs?

All class teachers are responsible for the initial identification and assessment of SEN; they also have responsibility for its provision within the classroom. All children's special needs will be reviewed regularly as part of our 'graduated approach' cycle. Needs will be identified and met through the following procedures:-

Quality First Teaching

- Carefully differentiated, high quality teaching e.g. learning tasks may be broken down into small manageable chunks, memory prompts and concrete resources will be provided as needed, language may need to be simplified or teaching may need to be presented in a different way. Teaching Assistants are used effectively to promote independence of all children within that class.
- Teachers initially identify children they have concerns about through pupil progress meetings. This is a discussion with the SENCo which allows teachers to reflect on the needs of the children within their class and then plan how they will adapt their teaching methods, including what they will put in place to support the child. A Learning Plan will be put in place to support this. This will be shared with parents and initial conversations begin to take place to gather useful information that may help school to support the child. This is monitored by the SENCo to promote high quality teaching.

• Children who have fallen behind age related expectations may be part of an intervention group to target the aspects of learning they have not yet understood. This could be through daily 'precision teaching' in class or a daily small group which meets outside of the classroom (not during the main body of teaching time).

Targeted Support

If it is clear that a child is not thriving, despite quality first teaching being in place, then the class teacher will arrange next steps with the SENCo. As well as a meeting with parents this will include some or all of the following steps:

- An observation of the child in class or on the playground
- · A discussion with the child
- A meeting with the class teacher to look at assessments, planning and school books
- Further assessments to understand difficulties (e.g. phonic assessment, reading)

These further steps may lead to parents and the class teacher agreeing that a child is presenting as having special educational needs. Parents and carers of children who have been identified as having SEND will be invited to meet with the class teacher termly, or earlier if necessary. This may be as an extension of parents evening initially and then as separate meeting from there on in. This will be an opportunity to review the child's progress and agree on new targets. The child's and parent's views will always be included as part of the review process. If parents find it difficult to come into school, teachers will endeavour to have a verbal meeting over the phone or find a mutually convenient way to ensure that termly discussions take place.

A minority of children with complex needs (around 2% nationally) may require an Education Health and Care Plan. For more information about what this means please refer to https://www.northyorks.gov.uk/all-about-education-health-and-care-plans-andrequestingassessment

Who do I ask?

The first person to refer to when wanting to discuss the needs of your child is always the 'Class Teacher'. If you have questions or concerns regarding Quality First Teaching you may also want to include a member of the Senior Leadership Team as part of the discussion. The role of the class teacher is to:

- plan, teach and monitor the attainment and progress of all pupils
- use a cycle of 'assess, plan, do, and review' for all pupils to enable the early identification
 of pupils with SEN, and to monitor the progress of those already identified as having SEN
 - monitor the impact of class teaching, differentiation and other provision, including intervention
- have a commitment to CPD
- liaise with other staff (Teaching Assistants, SENCOs)

Your child may also work closely with a 'Teaching Assistant' who acts as their 'key person'. Whilst at East Ayton we no longer use '1-2-1' Teaching Assistants, unless it is necessary for a child with very specific needs, we recognise that some children benefit from a higher level of adult support.

The role of the Teaching Assistant is:

- to be appropriately trained with a good knowledge of SEN
- to be committed to promoting independence and achievement for all learners
- have a commitment to CPD
- focus support for pupils on learning and development
- provide appropriate support in class
- deliver evidence based interventions when necessary
- liaise with other staff (Teachers etc)

For more specific or specialist advice the **Deputy Head/SENCo**, **Mrs Nellist**, is available by appointment.

The role of the SENCo is to:

- provide strategic direction
- oversee SEN provision, including supporting staff in the early identification of SEN, planning provision, and monitoring impact of provision
- meet with identified SEN Governor(s), Head teacher/leadership team, class/subject teachers, Teaching Assistants. (For further information see SEN and Disability Regulations 2014).

The SEND governor is Mrs Eileen Race

The role of the SEND governor is:

- · meet with the SENCo
- raise awareness of SEND in the Governing Body
- be part of the review of the SEN Information Report
- have knowledge of SEN processes in school regarding funding, identification of pupils with SEN, monitoring of progress and attainment of pupils with SEN.

What arrangements do you have in place in your school to consult with young people with SEND and how do you involve them in their education?

- Children's views are sought as an ongoing process, this then feeds into the termly review procedure
- When appropriate children are invited to annual review meetings

What arrangements are in place for assessing and reviewing children and young people's progress towards outcomes?

At East Ayton Primary School, the progress of all pupils is the responsibility of the Class Teacher and is reported to parents in line with the school assessment and reporting policies. All children who have been identified as having SEND will be included in termly discussions (earlier if necessary) to review their provision and their targets. Also, teachers and the SENCo write an Individual Learning Plan for all children on the SEND register and any children that they have brought to the attention of the SENCo during pupil progress meetings. These will be reviewed termly or earlier if necessary.

If children need more personal planning, teachers will plan this on a weekly basis.

What is your school's approach to teaching children and young people with SEND?

At East Ayton Primary School, we believe that all children need to experience success. We have high expectations of all of our pupils and use assessment and monitoring systems to endeavour that all children will make at least good progress. We recognise that with high quality teaching and good home-school communication, children with SEND can make good or better progress from their starting points.

The SENCo and other members of the leadership team may advise and suggest strategies which can be used by the class teacher, but ultimately the class teacher is responsible for the progress of the children in their class and therefore have autonomy over how their children are taught. If however, the progress of the child is slowed or stagnates (this could be in any of the four areas of learning) then the SENCo may request that the class teacher adopts a recommended strategy or intervention.

We also believe in personalising provision at East Ayton Primary School, to meet the needs of a child and by using a flexible, team approach with staff, external professionals, parents and the child, this will facilitate the best outcomes.

As a school, we believe that the majority of children will make the best progress learning alongside their peers within the classroom, but also acknowledge that it is sometimes necessary to use out of class intervention or different provision for limited periods of time.

Through regular conversations with the child and parents, school will always endeavour to use a flexible approach to meet the needs of **all** children so that they can thrive. All children are 'learning to succeed' and we know that for some of our most vulnerable children it will take them longer than their peers to join with normal routines and structures of the school day. We will always endeavour to give them the time and the support that they need to allow them the best chance of success.

What are the arrangements for supporting children and young people in moving between phases of education and in preparing for adulthood?

'All children and young people are entitled to an education that enables them to make progress so they: achieve their best, become confident individuals living fulfilling lives and make successful transition into adulthood, whether into employment, further education or higher education or training.' SEND Code of Practice 2015.

At East Ayton Primary School we have established systems to support children at key transition times:

Nursery/Pre-school Setting to Reception

- Class teachers visit nursery settings and where a child is already identified with SEND, a
 member of the SEN team will also liaise with the nursery or pre-school setting and
 parents
 Where possible/appropriate, children are grouped with some peers from the
 nursery/ pre-school setting they have attended
- Children have induction sessions to prepare them for starting at East Ayton Primary School
- Class teachers meet to discuss the needs of all children, with support from the Headteacher, Deputy Head/ SENCo, as required
- All children take part in a transition day in the Summer Term, where they go to their new class
- Some children may need additional visits and enhanced transition

KS1 to KS2

- Class teachers meet to discuss the needs of all children, with support from Headteacher, Deputy Head/SENCo, as required
- All children take part in a transition sessions in the Summer Term, where they go to their new class
- Additional transition is planned for individuals where needed (KS2 to KS3)
- Some children may need additional visits and enhanced transition
- The Year 6 Leader, supported by the Headteacher, Deputy Head/SENDCo meets with the Head of Year 7 from the Secondary Schools todiscuss all children
- Year 6 teacher, supported by the Headteacher, Deputy Head/SENDCo meet with staff from all secondary schools to discuss individuals and their needs
- The SENCo meets with the SENCos from the Secondary Schools to discuss children with additional needs; the Secondary School SENCos may attend the SEND Review meeting in the Summer Term
- Children with Education Health and Care Plans have additional meetings in the Autumn Term of Year 6
- All children take part in a transition day in the Summer Term, where they go to their new school
- Some children may need additional visits and enhanced transition In school transition
- Class teachers meet to discuss all children in the summer term
- All children take part in transition between each year group in school
- Some children require an enhanced transition between year groups. This is set up when needed

What sort of adaptations are made to the curriculum and the learning environment of children and young people with SEND?

The adaptations which will be made for a child with SEND will depend on their individual needs and where in the 'graduated response cycle' the child is. For a very small number of children, they require a completely personalised timetable with activities and learning tasks which are different from their peers, but for the majority of children it may be that simple adaptations are suffice in enabling them to make progress. In classes where there is a higher level of need there can be a higher ratio of adult support to help children to access their learning.

What sort of expertise for supporting children and young people with SEND do you currently have in school? How do you ensure that the expertise and training of staff to support children and young people with SEND is current? How do you access and secure further specialist expertise?

Both the Headteacher and Deputy Head/ SENCo are qualified teachers and have a number of years of experience in teaching and leadership roles. The Deputy Head/ SENCo holds the National Award for SEND (NASENCo).

Professional development is seen as an important part of the role of teacher and teaching assistant and this is built into all training days so that new initiatives and key messages can be shared and developed within the whole school team. In addition to this, staff can arrange meetings with the SENCo to discuss practice and provision.

At times it is necessary to seek the advice of external agencies such as the NYCC SEN Hub who offer specialist advice and support.

How do you evaluate the effectiveness of the provision made for children and young people with SEND?

The progress and attainment of all pupils, including those with SEND, is carefully monitored and reported to parents. Internal monitoring systems are robust and all staff are held to account for the progress of all pupils which is a key factor in staff performance management. Pupil Progress Meetings are held each term (or earlier if necessary) to discuss the progress of all children and identify strategies to support those children who are not making expected progress. Separate pupil progress meetings are held for children on the send register. Parents and children are invited to discuss progress at termly review meetings (or earlier if necessary).

How are children and young people with SEND enabled to engage in activities available with children and young people in the school who do not have SEND?

At East Ayton Primary School we take a personalised approach for children with additional needs and teachers are encouraged to try different strategies until they find what works for the child in question. Inclusion is key and we are always seeking out ways in which children with additional needs and disabilities are able to access the curriculum including accessing the same activities as their peers.

Initially the pupil progress meeting and Individual Provision Map will allow teachers the opportunity to consider how to adapt their teaching to meet the needs of individuals. For more specific activities, teachers might need to use a risk assessment to consider how best to support the child. For example, this might mean that for school trips a child is escorted by additional adults. In some extreme and complex cases, it might mean that a child needs to spend some time away from their peers but there will be a plan in place to support this which will be shared with staff, parents and where suitable, the child, so that all stakeholders understand the process of inclusion which has been planned.

How do you support children and young people with SEND to improve their emotional and social development? Please explain the extra pastoral support arrangements for listening to the views of children and young people with SEND and measures to prevent bullying.

The school teaches Personal, Social, Health and Education as part of the curriculum throughout the school. Class teachers build activities into the week and lessons that will develop the class as a whole. Individual assessments have been used to inform Individual Provision Maps where there is a SEMH need.

The Headteacher and Deputy Head/SENCo also work with children and respond when issues are brought to their attention. We also have TAs to support children in and out of class with social and emotional needs, and also support during breaks and lunchtimes for children who need extra support in developing friendships and social skills.

Bullying is not tolerated at East Ayton Primary School. Please refer to the Behaviour Policy for procedures.

How does the School involve other bodies, including health and social care bodies, local authority support services and voluntary sector organisations, in meeting children and young people's SEND and supporting their families?

Some pupils may require more specialist support to meet their needs. East Ayton Primary School works in partnership with a number of specialist support and outreach services to support pupils with SEND. Parents/carers are always consulted and asked to sign a consent form before a referral is made to specialist services.

Access to most additional support services is now available through one referral to the SEN Hub. Other referral pathways to additional services are followed as appropriate, including: Educational Psychology Service, Prevention Service, CAMHS, COMPASS BUZZ/REACH, Speech and Language Therapy, the School Nurse, Learning Disability Team and Bereavement Counselling. Services such as Occupational Therapy or a referral to the Paediatrician must be arranged by the family GP.

What are the arrangements for handling complaints from parents of children with SEND about the provision made at the school?

We very much appreciate your feedback at East Ayton Primary School as your communication helps us to reflect and look for ways in which to improve. Parents have a

valuable insight into what works best for their child/children and by operating in a partnership with you we are able to facilitate better outcomes for children with SEND.

All complaints follow the normal school complaints procedures:

In the first instance it is advisable to contact your child's teacher, then the Deputy Head/SENCo or Headteacher.

If you still do not feel your complaint has been satisfactorily resolved, please refer to the General Complaints Policy which is available on the school website.

In addition, you may wish to contact a member of the Special Educational Needs and Disability, Information, Advice and Support Service (SENDIASS) – see link on school website. Staff from SENDIASS can offer impartial advice and support which could include making a home visit to listen to any concerns you may have, or attending meetings with you. They may also be able to put you in touch with other organisations or parent support groups. The SENDIASS coordinator in Scarborough is Angela Cavill and she can be contacted on 01609 536923.